

## The Times' Daily Short Story.

## A COMPROMISE

(Continued.)

"Please, sir," said the junior, "the new tenant has come."

"The new tenant? I'm not going to move."

"The agent must have misunderstood you."

"I have a written lease."

"So have I," said a feminine voice in the hall, and a young, pretty and tastefully dressed woman stood in the doorway.

"A lease to these apartments?"

"Yes, a lease to these apartments from May 1, 1903, to May 1, 1904."

"The agent has blundered."

"In what way?"

"He has issued a lease to me for the same term."

"Well? What are you going to do about it?"

"That is very difficult to decide. Were you not a lady—and permit me to say, a very charming one—I would tell you to go to the—"

"But I am a lady, and I have no intention of going to any such place. Come, I want to get my things in at once. The first van, containing the kitchen utensils and table stores, should be here in an hour. I need my luncheon."

"I, too, am hungry, having had no breakfast. I have all the paraphernalia for a meal, but that confounded cook of mine has been taken ill. She's always ill. Were it not for this I would relieve your hunger."

"I'll get you a luncheon."

"Bless you, madam, my stomach yearns."

"An apron."

"There is the kitchen. You will have to ransack for what you want."

The lady disappeared, and the man sat waiting in the dining room. Presently he went to a closet, took out a bottle and rapped at the kitchen door.

"You must keep out of here. We have no champagne. I am for the present your servant."

"Put that in the ice box." And he handed her a bottle of champagne. Catching a glimpse of her through the partly opened door he saw that she looked very neat in a clean white cooking apron she had found and a paper cap she had made. Then he went back and listened to the sputter of broiling chicken and the preparations generally.

"Can't I help you?" he asked, going to the door again, really to catch another glimpse.

"Not unless you care to set the table."

"How stupid of me not to think of it!" And away he went to the closet for the linen, to the butler's pantry for the dishes and to the sideboard for the silver. Presently the kitchen door opened, and the new tenant, with her sleeves rolled up, showing a pair of plump, white wrists, a dish in each hand, entered:

"You have forgotten the glasses!" she

exclaimed.

"So I have. Here they are."

"And the pepper and salt and the carving knife and fork and a lot of things."

He hustled about till the wants were supplied; then they sat down to table, he having brought the wine and opened it.

"Broiled chicken, French fried potatoes and champagne," said the new tenant. "That is better than if the supply were taken from my van."

"It is the company that especially pleases me."

"Thank you. Now, let us proceed to business. We must settle the matter of the occupancy of this flat."

"What do you say to a compromise?" asked the present occupant.

"I would agree to that."

"Very well; on what basis?"

"You leave the flat to me."

"H'm! That would be rather one-sided. Suppose, for instance, you take me to board?"

"That would be impossible. I am busy all day at my profession. I am an artist. I have no time to devote to the affairs of others."

"And I am a journalist. All my time is devoted to the affairs of others."

"I see."

"Then there is no way but for me to destroy my lease."

"You might retain a room for a few days till you can secure other apartments."

"Very well, we will compromise on that basis."

"Will you move your furniture this afternoon?"

"For heaven's sake, where shall I move it?"

"True. This is a very disagreeable episode."

"By the bye, we have been talking all this time not knowing each other's names."

"If you will hand me that bag I will give you my card."

He did as she suggested, taking his own card from his pocketbook. When the two pasted boards lay on the table both looked up astonished.

"My little sweetheart of twenty years ago!"

"The boy who vowed eternal constancy the evening before he went to college, then forgot all about it!"

"Not at all. Your father was rich and I—"

"My father failed. I hoped that you—"

"A van at the door!" called the janitor from the hall.

"What shall we do?" exclaimed both the lunchers at once. The man settled it.

"Tell them to bring the things up. And, Thomas, go to the rectory around the corner and ask the Rev. Mr. Beadle to come here at once."

"What are you going to do?" asked the woman.

"Do? I'm going to compromise on the only available basis."

And thus the matter was settled.

ANNETTE OVERTON.

## SYMPOSIUM ON KISSING.

**Aldermanic Champion of the Habit Flooded With Letters.**

Edward Connell of Janesville, Wis., the alderman whose championship of public kissing started his fellow members of the city council, though it was the means of preventing the placing of a ban on "spooning," has received hundreds of letters, both commendatory and denunciatory.

Two were from founding homes, one in Milwaukee and one in Chicago. They did not express either approval or disapproval, but merely asked him aid in the support of the homes. A Milwaukee girl wrote:

"I am glad to see a man who will stand up for what he believes is right. I have been there myself and on church as well as school steps. In lieu of a better place these will do."

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**FRED KING,**  
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,  
Depot Square, - - - Barre, Vt.

## MARTIAL LAW IN ERZERUM.

**Armenian Revolutionary Society Rouzes Turks to Action.**

Constantinople, Nov. 10.—Martial law has been proclaimed in the district of Hassan Kala, province of Erzerum. Asia Minor, and troops have been quartered in all the villages of that district in consequence of revolutionary movements on the part of the Hentchakists, or members of the Armenian Revolutionary society.

Two bands of Hentchakists recently crossed the Russo-Turkish frontier with the intention of inciting the inhabitants to rise against the Turkish government, but they were quickly overtaken by troops. One band was exterminated and the other was driven back into Russian territory. The Turkish governor of the district has redistributed among the Kurds the weapons which they recently were compelled to give up.

**Cassini May Be Transferred.**

Paris, Nov. 10.—The name of Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador to the United States, is among those considered for appointment as Russian ambassador at Paris. The French government has been advised of the transfer of Prince Ouroussoff, Russian ambassador here, to Rome, in succession to M. Nelidoff, recalled. The name of Prince Ouroussoff's successor here has not yet been communicated to the French government, but there is reason to believe that the choice will be made from one of the following four names: M. Muraviev, Russian minister of justice and president of the Venezuelan court; M. Nelidoff, M. d'Ivolsky, Russian minister at Copenhagen, or Count Cassini.

**Engine Kills Three Elks.**

Malone, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Three elks from the herd recently liberated in the Adirondacks as a gift to the state by William C. Whitney were struck and killed by a light engine near Floodwood on the Mohawk and Malone railroad. There were seven standing together on the track. One of those killed weighed over 600 pounds. The animals are very tame.

**Five Cubans Killed.**

Havana, Nov. 10.—An omnibus filled with passengers was struck by a train on the Marianna railroad at the Infanta avenue crossing. Five persons were killed and several were injured. The engineer and the crossing watchman have been arrested.

**Death of Baron Rowton.**

London, Nov. 10.—Montagu William Lowry-Corry, first Baron Rowton, is dead. He was born in 1833.

## PROTEST BY COLOMBIA

## President and Mr. Hay Confer as to Action.

## MAYFLOWER ON HER WAY

Consul General Gudge and Rear Admirals Walker and Coghlan Off For Panama.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Secretary Hay, during a call at the White House, placed in the hands of the president the Colombian protest against the course pursued by the Washington government on the isthmus and its attitude toward the new government of Panama.



CONSUL GENERAL GUDGE.

tions of this kind. In view of the authorized announcement by the Colombian charge that he has not been in communication with his government since Nov. 2 it is assumed that he protested on his own responsibility.

What action will be taken regarding the protest probably will be decided on at a conference between the president and Secretary Hay.

No cablegrams reached the state or navy departments overnight from isthmian lands or waters, nor has the state department heard from Bogota since cabling to the American legation there, for presentation to the Colombian government, an announcement of the action of the United States in recognizing the de facto government of Panama.

**Varela Writes to Morgan.**

M. Varela, the minister plenipotentiary of the Panama republic, has addressed a long letter to Senator John T. Morgan of Alabama, paying the senator a warm tribute for his long fight for a canal and urging him to abandon the Nicaraguan route for the Panama route and join forces with the new republic in the effort to secure the immediate construction of an isthmian canal.

After the letter the minister drove at once to the residence of Secretary Hay, where he was the secretary's guest at luncheon. The minister's call at the state department has been postponed to another day because of the conference at the White House between the president and Secretary Hay regarding the Colombian protest.

Word has reached the navy department of the arrival of the United States cruiser Boston at Panama, Commander Diehl in reporting her arrival announcing also the receipt of instructions from the navy department, which directs the keeping open of the transit of the isthmus. He also said that at this time the traffic was undisturbed.

The president's yacht, the Mayflower, has left the navy yard here for Colon. Aboard her are Consul General Gudge, Rear Admiral Coghlan and Admiral John G. Walker, president of the isthmian canal commission. Admiral Walker, it is stated, goes to Panama to observe conditions on the ground and to report to the president on the situation and on any changes that have occurred since the isthmian canal commission made its last report.

The Mayflower is expected to reach her destination in about eight days. On his arrival at Panama Mr. Gudge will do business with the new government there. He has full instructions from the secretary of state governing his dealings with the new government.

**A New Pennsylvania Postmaster.**

Washington, Nov. 10.—Francis P. O'Gorman has been appointed fourth class postmaster at Lehigh Furnace, Pa.

Always Remember the Full Name  
**Laxative Bromo Quinine**  
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

**E. H. Lown** on every box 25c

## PARK FOR BUFFALOES.

Proposal to Use the Wichita Forest Reserve.

## GREAT GAME PRESERVE PLANNED

**Extensive Tract of Mountain Land in Oklahoma Said to Furnish Excellent Haunts For Animals Unaccustomed to Civilization—Climate Well Suited to Buffalo—Smaller Game to Be Introduced.**

To make the Wichita forest reserve in the Wichita mountains of northwestern Comanche county, Okla., a great game preserve, for the purpose primarily of perpetuating the almost extinct American buffalo, once so numerous over this western country, is an interesting project upon which a number of southwestern sportsmen have interested themselves, says the Kansas City Journal. Little is being said about the plans. The people interested, however, are quietly getting in whatever work they can, creating a sentiment in that direction, and they seem to have hopes of ultimately securing success for the undertaking.

Briefly, it may be explained that in the Wichita hills of southwestern Oklahoma a forest reserve of 58,000 acres was set apart by congress years ago. Since that time this reservation has been utilized only by a few stockmen, whose stock has been running wild over the rough and timbered tract. It furnishes excellent haunts for those animals not accustomed to civilization, and for that reason, if nothing more, it is eminently adapted to become the permanent home of the last remnant of the buffalo. The climate is exactly suited to the animal. Then there is the vegetable growth sufficient to sustain easily a large herd of them. For centuries before the country was settled by whites, no doubt, it was the abode, along with other parts of western America, of the buffalo. The sportsmen use this in arguing that there would be no question of the forest reserve's fitness on the score of climatic conditions.

Again, this tract of mountainous land is surrounded by the land possessions of the Kiowas, Comanches, Apaches and Caddos. They and the buffalo are old friends. The Indians long ago came to regard the buffalo as almost a part of the Divinity, and it would rejoice the tribes of southwestern Oklahoma to have him returned to that part of the country where only they could, for the sake of olden times, get a glimpse of his rawboned frame, covered by the growth of shaggy hair. It would be scarcely necessary for the whites, according to the belief of those backing the project, to exercise any great vigilance for the protection of the buffaloes in this reserve. The animal, with his almost sacred position among the aborigines, would be safely guarded from the ruthless search of white hunters.

It is a matter of common knowledge that the buffalo is doomed to complete extinction unless the government and a few wealthy stockmen interested in the upbuilding of this animal race take the matter up in proper form. In the Yellowstone park there are a number of buffalo—nobody seems to understand just how many. "Buffalo" Jones of Topeka, Kan., who was made game warden of that park, is supposed to have the figures somewhere about his system, but if so they have not been given any publicity. The conditions in the Yellowstone render easy the possibility of an incursion into the great reserve from adjacent mountains and escape after shooting as many of the animals as desired. But in southwestern Oklahoma, the reservation flanked on every side by the Indian allotments, whose occupants are ever ready to fight for the preservation of the buffalo, this feature would be removed.

Besides the few in the Yellowstone park there is the herd at the Goodnight ranch, Texas, one in Montana, another in Minnesota, possibly a few herd in one or two large zoological gardens and the herds of Buffalo Bill and of Pawnee Bill at Pawnee, Okla. These could be gathered together and when not on exhibition those animals belonging to the show people could be placed in the Wichita reserve for wintering and at such other times as might be arranged for the purpose of increasing the number of buffalo.

The Oklahoma sportsmen have investigated the conditions thoroughly and find that at the same time other game could be introduced into this great forest. A few years ago about a dozen pairs of Mongolian pheasants were liberated in Oregon. The birds were of a good type of game fowl. Now they have multiplied to such an extent that all over that section of the state these pheasants are found and are shot, whenever allowable, for food, being much sought in this respect. The pheasant importation scheme for the Wichita reserve is to be encouraged. Already there are deer and antelope, and occasionally a black bear appears in that section of the territory.

## The Automobile in Manila.

Within the last two years Manila and two or three other cities have been invaded by the automobile, says the Los Angeles Times. A wealthy Filipino who brought an expensive Parisian machine back from the exposition of 1900 was the pioneer in this, and at about the same time the army signal corps introduced a heavy auto car to Manila and its environs. Doubtless very soon now some native aristocrat will introduce the automobile to Negros, and its "chug chug" will be heard around the plaza at Bacolod, frightening the bulls of the old regime from their duty.

**DON'T BOLT YOUR FOOD.**

Take time for your lunch—try and enjoy what you eat. This is the advice that the Romoc man gives to his hurried friends. No wonder you have dyspepsia. You might as well expect a watch to run smoothly after greasing it with butter, instead of lubricating it with some fine oil. You cannot throw everything into your stomach and expect that organ to work well and do its duty; but never mind all that, learn first to treat your stomach with half-way respect. Learn next how, if you have broken it down, to make it well.

The way to do that is to take Romoc. It is Nature's own remedy. Romoc for indigestion. It not only acts but acts favorably upon the bowels.

There is nothing like strengthening the stomach, and, in fact, on all the vital organs of the body. You will find that by the use of Romoc in a very short time you will have a hearty appetite and you will enjoy every thing you eat.

Just try my Romoc and see how much more good it will do for you than remedies containing injurious drugs and a large percentage of alcohol, which at the best can only serve to give temporary relief.

Ask for ROMOC LAXATIVE TABLETS—SURE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION.

We have investigated Romoc. We know that all that is said by the Romoc man pertaining to this wonderful remedy is true, and we will refund to anyone the price of the remedy not satisfied with the results obtained. Remember, Romoc is guaranteed and sold by

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## RAZORLESS SHAVES.

Paste Guaranteed to Shave Whiskers Told of by a Chemist.

Why use a razor? Why pay the barber 15 cents for a shave and 10 cents extra for not cutting your throat? The answer isn't "Let your whiskers grow," either, for Dr. Wolfram E. Dreyfus, chief chemist of the department of public charities in New York, has compounded a little mixture which, if rubbed over the face, will do the trick as quickly and as well as the finest Sheffield razor, says the New York Times. This is the compound:

Barbit sulphide, twenty-five parts.  
Saponin pulvis, five parts.  
Talcum pulvis, thirty-five parts.  
Triticeal farina, thirty-five parts.  
Benzaldehyd, quarter solution.

It appears in the new hospital formula which Dr. Dreyfus issued recently. Dr. Dreyfus, after many experiments, says that he has found a shaving powder that is satisfactory and harmless.

The several ingredients mentioned above, when mixed together, make a powder. For the new scientific razorless shave you take one teaspoonful of the powder and mix it with three teaspoonfuls of water, making a paste which you apply to the face in a moderately thick and even layer with a shaving brush. After four or five minutes moisten the lather with a sponge, and in five minutes more you can wash the mixture off, leaving a beardless, gasless face.

The essential ingredient of this new shaving mixture is barium sulphide, which is contained in all depilatory mixtures. A solution in which the barium sulphide is the chief ingredient is rubbed over the hide, and the hair can easily be scraped off immediately after. Barium sulphide, however, is very powerful, and the trouble with all depilatory powders, even those which are used as an adjunct to surgical operations, is that they are injurious to the skin. Dr. Dreyfus therefore looked around for something that would render the powerful sulphide harmless.

The ingredients which he found would have that effect and which are

set down in the formula given above have strange and impressive names, but they are really our everyday friends. Saponin pulvis is plain powdered soap, which makes a lather. Talcum pulvis is talcum powder, and Triticeal farina is wheat flour, both of which are cosmetic in their effects. Benzaldehyd is practically an artificial almond oil, the pleasant odor of which neutralizes that of the barium sulphide, which is not so pleasant.

## CURE FOR BASHFUL LOVERS

**Mother's Odd Method to Help Her Boys to Pop the Question.**

Mrs. Anna Coyne of Chicago has two bashful sons that caused her to be severely reprimanded in a police court the other day.

"It is time you were getting married," Mrs. Coyne told her backward sons, Robert and John, a few weeks ago.

"Oh, mother, I am too bashful to go calling!" said one of the sons. "Even if I did I wouldn't know how to propose."

"Well, I'll show you how, then," said Mrs. Coyne. She gave several entertainments and selected Ethel and Florence Briggs, maids of seventeen and eighteen, for her daughters-in-law. She kept the girls in her house day and night to give the bashful boys a chance. Then Mrs. Briggs had the matchmaking mother arrested for detaining her daughters.

"I wouldn't allow my girls to marry such sissy fellows," said Mrs. Briggs.

**Nicaragua Laborers.**

The expense of feeding native laborers in the gold mines of eastern Nicaragua is 10 cents a day. In addition to their food the men get in wages, according to the kind of work they do, sums ranging (in our money) from 38 cents to \$2.60.

**Germany and Schools.**

The German state gives to one university more than the British government allows to all the universities and university colleges in England, Ireland and Scotland together.

## It Makes Steady Nerves.

**"Blood Wine" Fits Men to do Their Work.**



and iron nerve, as his work suggests. "Blood Wine" has given him his steady nerve and strong constitution. He says: "I am out in all kinds of weather and use to catch colds, and get all run down, unfit for work, but now I take 'Blood Wine' whenever I feel myself losing ground and as a result I am never sick any more, and feel better than I ever did. It is a wonderful strengthener, and protection against coughs, colds and disease."

D. Eldredge of 1611 Broadway, Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I can't praise 'Blood Wine' too highly. It cured me after other remedies had failed. I suffered with kidney and liver trouble, besides my blood being very thin. Six bottles of 'Blood Wine' made me well and strong. I say to everyone troubled as I am, use it."

George Page of West Kenton, Ohio, says: "I have used one bottle of 'Blood Wine' for cold in the head and it has done me a world of good, also improved my appetite."

From Auburn, Maine, Oscar Lord writes: "I have taken 'Blood Wine' for my kidneys and liver, with wonderful results. I am entirely cured."

This is John W. Nolan, of Woonsocket, R. I., a man with a clear head

**E. A. DROWN, 48 North Main St., Barre, Vt.**